### Debate on "Climate change and forest fires in Europe"

Sustainable forest management and rural fires

from a Southern European perspective

João Soveral – jsoveral@cap.pt







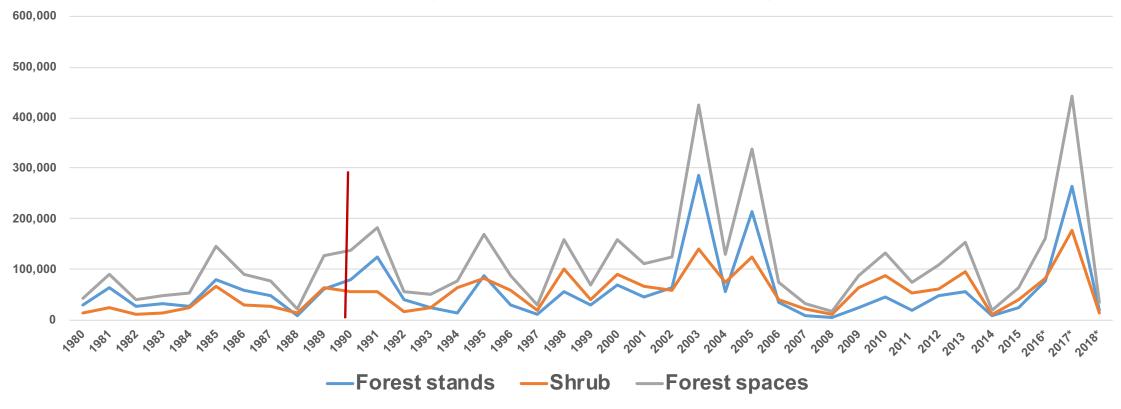
### **Portugal**

No major variation in the (average) burnt area



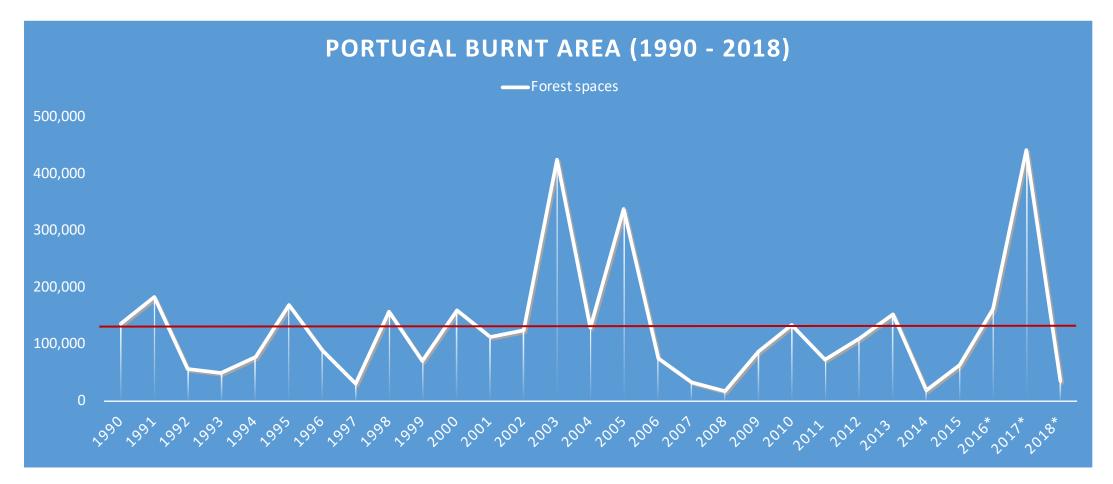


### **Portugal burnt area (1980 – 2018)**



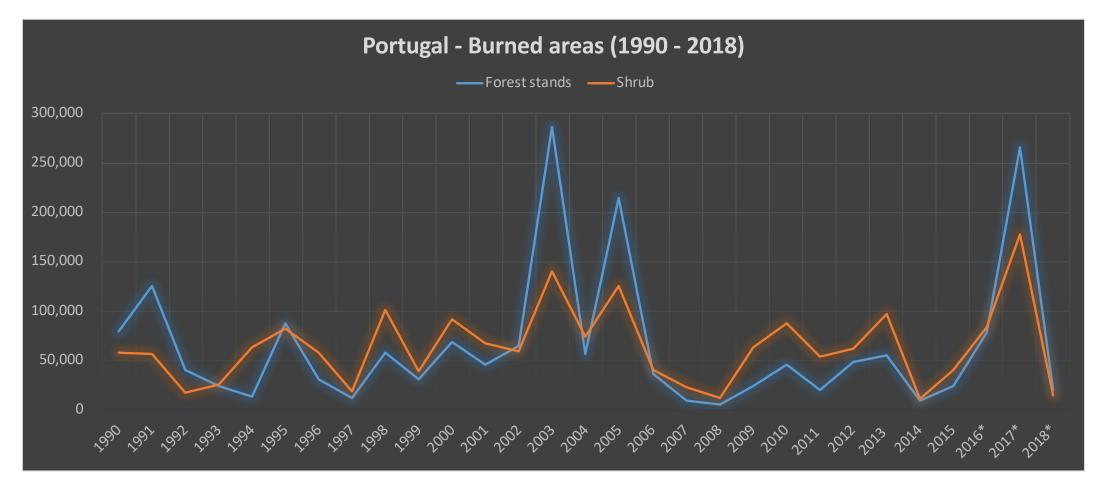






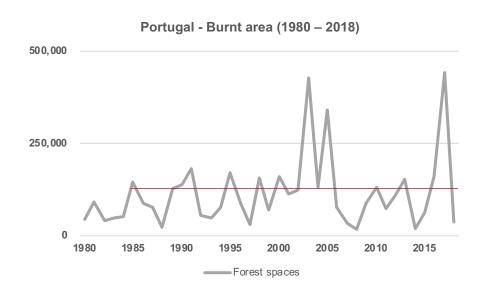








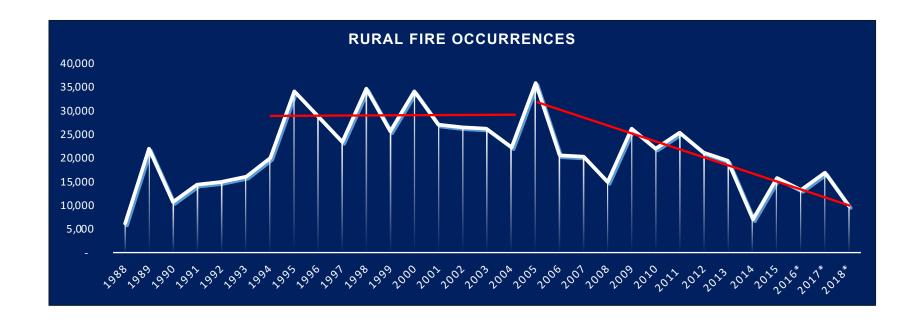




No major variation in the average burnt area by decade in the last 30 years



#### Yet, a reduction in the number of occurrences has been achieved





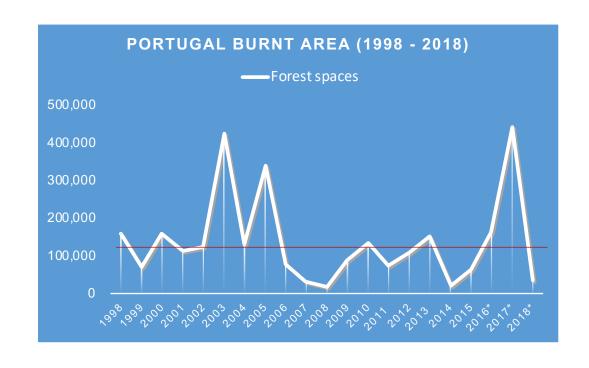


### **Portugal**

### Dramatic change in the fire regime







#### Dramatic change in the fire regime in the last 20 years

2003 - 425 839 hectares

2005 - 339 089 hectares

2007 - 32 595 hectares

2008 - 17 565 hectares

2014 - 19 930 hectares

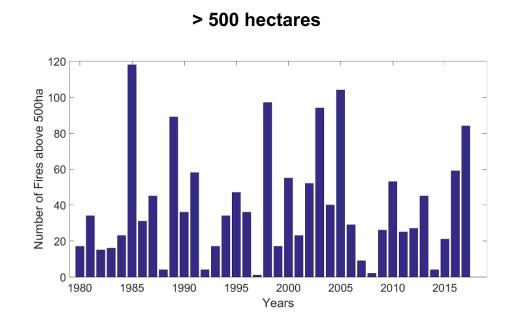
2017 - 442 418 hectares

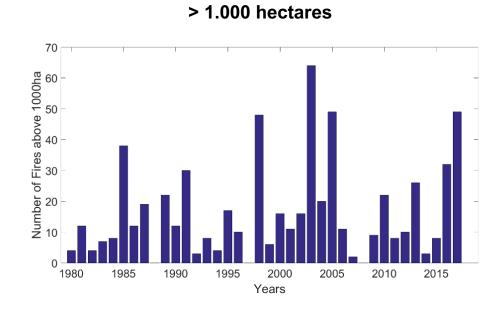
2018 - 35 605 hectares





#### Large and very large rural fires in Portugal (1988 – 2017)

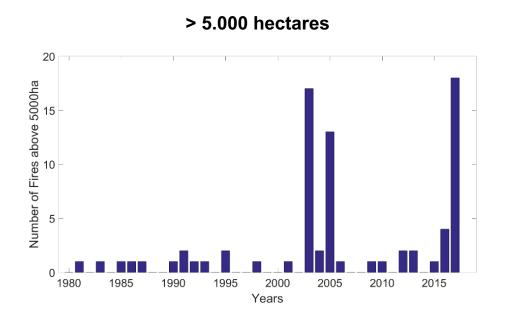


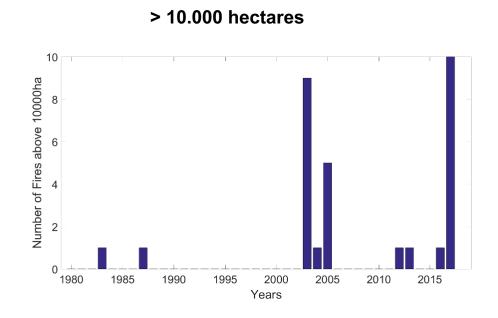






#### Large and very large rural fires in Portugal (1988 – 2017)









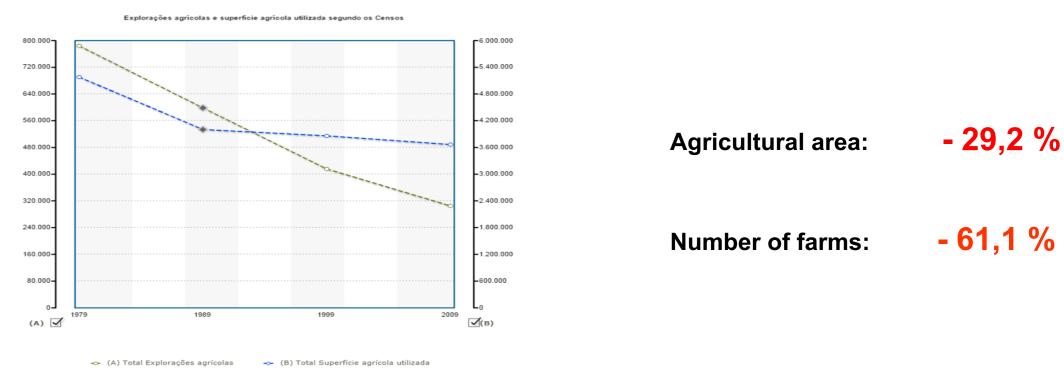
### **Portugal**

### **Farmland abandonment**





### Evolution of agricultural area in Portugal in use (1979 – 2009)







### **Portugal**

Dramatic change in demography in rural spaces

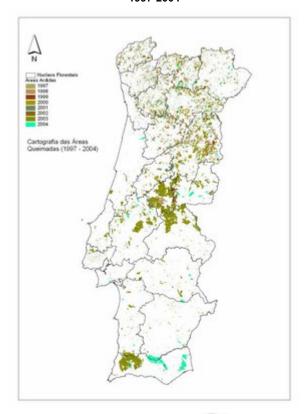




### Potential Sustainability Índex (PSI)

Territórios	Índice de Sustentabilidade Potencial	
Anos	1960	2011
Portugal	7,9	3,5
— Continente	7,8	3,4
+ Norte	8,5	4,0
+ Centro	6,7	2,8
+ Área Metropolitana de Lisboa	9,0	3,6
+ Alentejo	8,1	2,6
+ Algarve	6,3	3,4
- Região Autónoma dos Açores	9,0	5,3
+ Região Autónoma dos Açores	9,0	5,3
- Região Autónoma da Madeira	9,0	4,6
+ Região Autónoma da Madeira	9,0	4,6
Ignorado/Outro	28,3	-

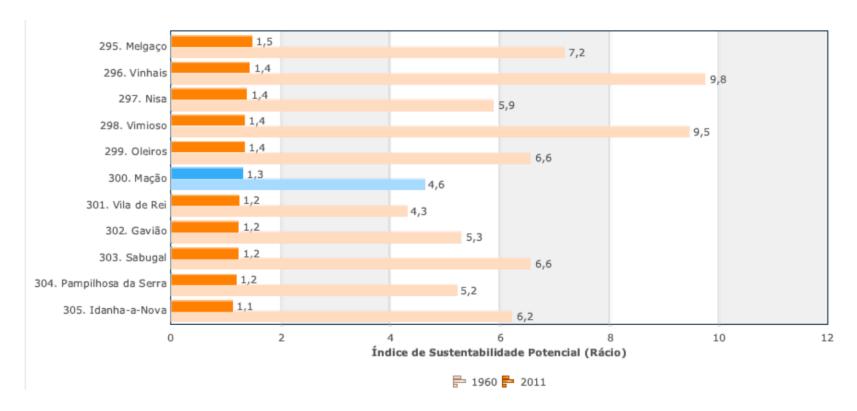






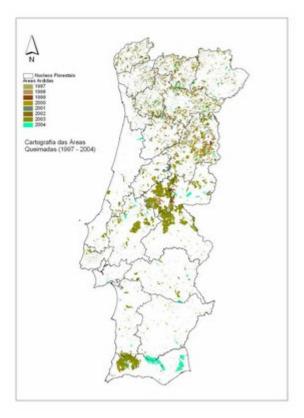


### Portuguese municipalities with lower PSI



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1997-2004







### **Portugal**

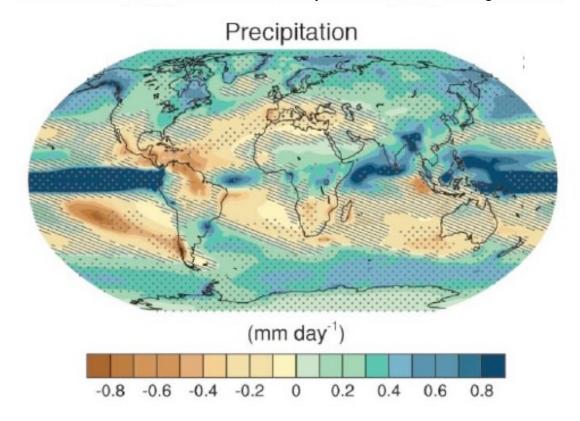
And about climate change?...





#### **IPCC 2014**

The Mediterranean will maintain its hotspot status in the coming decades

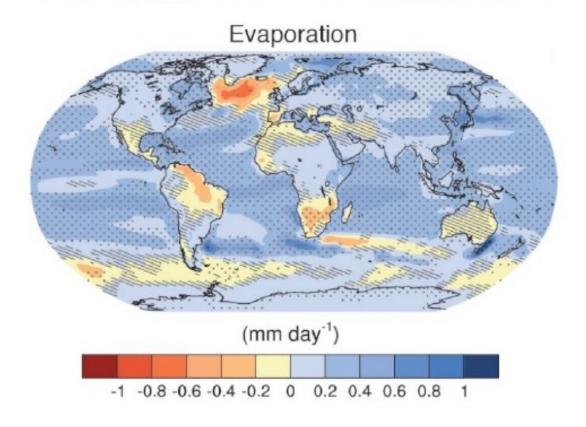






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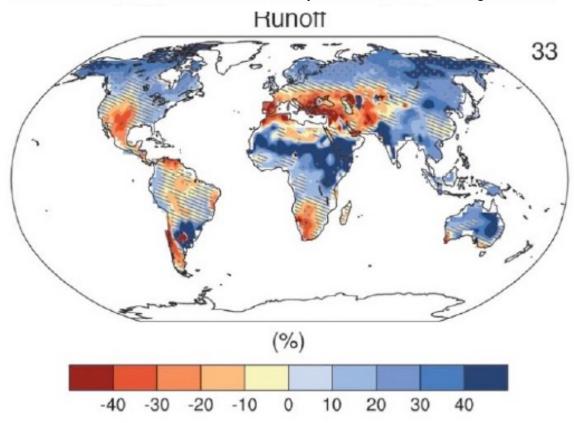






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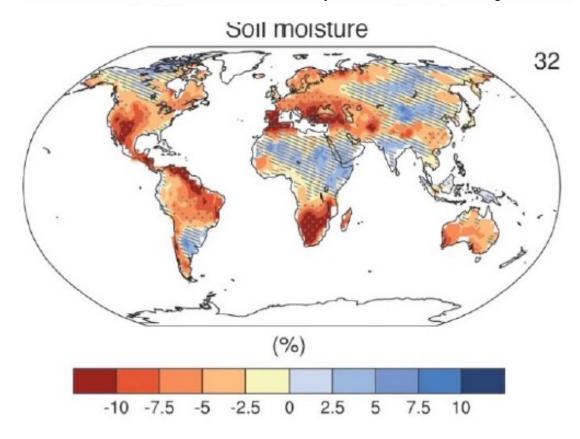






**IPCC 2014** 

The Mediterranean will maintain its hotspot status in the coming decades







# How can forestry and forest spaces management cope with the challenge?





Sustainable forest management is needed, but it's not enough!





## Forestry in Southern Europe, *i.e.*, in the Mediterranean region, needs agriculture

space organization (territorial resilience)

diversity of economic activities (economic resilience)

revenues (human resilience)





### What is needed:

- public policies that allow the articulation between agriculture and forestry as complementary productive activities;
- long-term compensation schemes (at least 15 years) for ecosystem services provided by agriculture and forests.





To adress climate change and increasing fire risk in Southern Europe, Sustainable Forest Management requires a much stronger integration of forestry with agriculture



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